

SWITCHMODE PULSE WIDTH MODULATION CONTROL CIRCUIT

Description

The HT494 is a fixed frequency, pulse width modulation control circuit designed primarily for SWITCHMODE power supply control

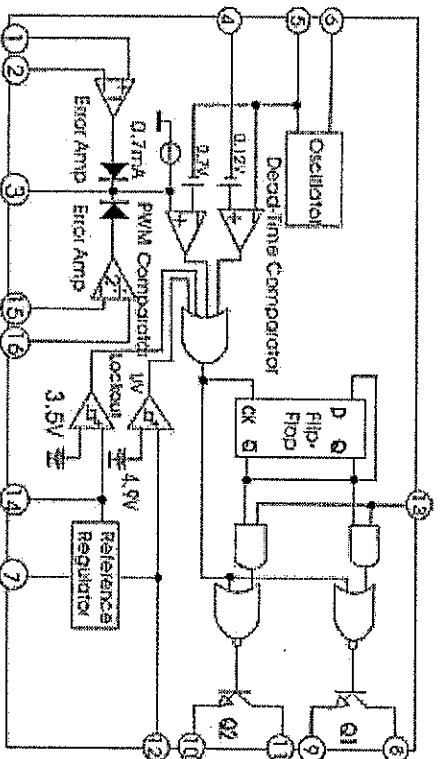
Feature

- Complete Pulse Width Modulation Control Circuitry
- On-Chip Oscillator with Master or Slave Operation
- On-Chip Error Amplifier
- On-Chip 5.0V Reference
- Adjustable Dead-Time Control
- Uncommitted Output Transistors Rated to 500mA Source or Sink
- Output Control for Push-Pull or Single-Ended Operation
- Under-voltage Lockout

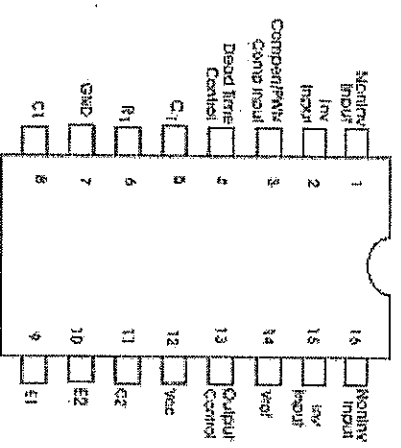


16DIP

Block Diagram



Pin Connection



Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_a=25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	42	V
Collector Output Voltage V _{c1}	V _{c1} ; V _{c2}	42	V
Collector Output Current (Each transistor) (Note)	I _{c1} ; I _{c2}	250	mA
Amplifier Input Voltage Range	V _{IR}	-0.3~42	V
Power Dissipation (T _{amb} ≤ 45°C)	P _d	1000	mW
Operating Junction Temperature	T _J	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _{amb}	-25~85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-65~150	°C

Note: Maximum thermal limits must be observed



Recommended Operating Conditions

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	7.0	15	40	V
Collector Output Voltage	V _{C1} ; V _{C2}		30	40	V
Collector Output Current (Each transistor)	I _{C1} ; I _{C2}			200	mA
Amplifier Input Voltage	V _{in}	-0.3		V _{CC} -2.0	V
Current Into Feedback Terminal	I _{fb}			0.3	mA
Reference Output Current	I _{ref}			10	mA
Timing Resistor	R _t	1.8	30	500	k Ω
Timing Capacitor	C _t	0.00047	0.001	10	μ F
Oscillator Frequency	f _{osc}	1.0	40	200	KHz

Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified: V_{CC}=15V, R_T=12k Ω , C_T=0.01 μ F. For typical values T_{amb}=25 $^{\circ}$ C, for min/max is the operating ambient temperature range that applies.)

Characteristics	Test conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Reference Section*						
Reference Voltage	I _o =1.0mA	V _{ref}	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
Line Regulation	V _{CC} =7.0V~40V	Reg. _{line}		2.0	25	mV
Load Regulation	I _o =1.0mA~10mA	Reg. _{load}		3.0	15	mV
Short Circuit Output Current	V _{ref} =0V, T _{amb} =25 $^{\circ}$ C	I _{sc}		30		mA
Output Section*						
Collector Off-State Current	V _{CC} =40V; V _{CE} =40V	I _{C(off)}		2.0	100	μ A
Emitter Off-State Current	V _{CC} =40V; V _{CE} =40V; V _E =0V	I _{E(off)}			-100	μ A
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	Common-Emitter: V _E =0V; I _C =200mA Emitter-Follower: V _C =15V; I _E =-200mA	V _{C(sat)} V _{E(sat)}		1.1 1.5	1.3 2.5	V
Output Control Pin Current	Low state: V _{OC} \leq 0.4V High state: V _{OC} = V _{ref}	I _{OC1} I _{OC2}		10 0.2		μ A mA
Output Voltage Rise Time	Common-Emitter (see test circuit 3) Emitter-Follower (see test circuit 4)	T _r		100	200	ns
Output Voltage Fall Time	Common-Emitter (see test circuit 3) Emitter-Follower (see test circuit 4)		T _f		25	100
				40	100	ns



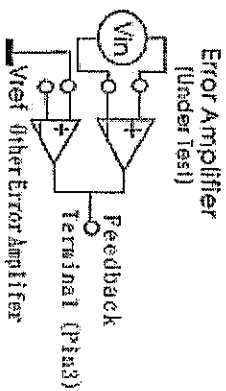
Electrical Characteristics (continue)

Characteristics	Test conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
PWM Comparator Section						
Input Threshold Voltage	Zero Duty Cycle	V_{TH}		3.5	4.5	V
Input Sink Current	V (pin3) =0.7V	I_I^-	0.3	0.7		mA
Dead-Time Control Section						
Input Bias Current (pin 4)	V (pin 4)=0V~5.25V	$I_{B(PT)}$		-2.0	-10	μ A
Maximum Duty Cycle, Each Output, Push-Pull Mode	V (pin4)=0V; $R_T=12k\ \Omega$; $C_T=0.1\ \mu$ F V (pin4)=0V; $R_T=30k\ \Omega$ $C_T=0.001\ \mu$ F	DC max		45	48	50
				45	50	
				45	50	%
Input Threshold Voltage (pin4)	Zero Duty Cycle Maximum Duty Cycle.	V_{TH}		2.8	3.3	V
Error Amplifier Section.						
Input Offset Voltage	V_O (pin3) =2.5V	V_{IO}		2.0	10	mV
Input Offset Current	V_O (pin3) =2.5V	I_{IO}		5.0	250	nA
Input Bias Current	V_O (pin3) =2.5V	I_B		0.1	1.0	μ A
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{CC}=7.0V\sim 40V$	V_{ICR}	-0.3		V_{CC-2}	V
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$V_O=0.5V\sim 3.5V$; $R_L=2.0k\ \Omega$; $\Delta V_O=3.0V$	G_{VOL}	70	95		dB
Unity-Gain Crossover Frequency	$V_O=0.5V\sim 3.5V$; $R_L=2.0k\ \Omega$	f_c		350		KHz
Phase Margin at Unity-Gain	$V_O=0.5V\sim 3.5V$; $R_L=2.0k\ \Omega$	θ_m		65		deg
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC}=40V$	CMRR	65	90		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_O=2.5V$; $R_L=2.0k\ \Omega$ $\Delta V_{CC}=33V$	PSRR	100			dB
Output Sink Current	V_O (pin3) =0.7V	I_O^-	0.3	0.7		mA
Output Source Current	V_O (pin3) =3.5V	I_{O+}	-2.0	-4.0		mA
Oscillator Section.						
Frequency	$R_F=30k\ \Omega$; $C_T=0.001\ \mu$ F	f_{osc}		40		
Standard Deviation of Frequency	$R_F=30k\ \Omega$; $C_T=0.001\ \mu$ F	Δf_{osc}		3.0		
Frequency Change with Voltage	$V_{CC}=7.0V\sim 40V$	$\Delta f_{osc}/\Delta V$		0.1		
Frequency Change with Temperature	$R_F=12k\ \Omega$; $C_T=0.01\ \mu$ F; $T_{amb}=T_{low}\sim T_{high}$	$\Delta f_{osc}/\Delta T$			12	
Under-Voltage Lockout Section						
Turn-on Threshold	V_{CC} increasing, $I_{ref}=1mA$	V_{TH}	5.5	6.43	7.0	V
Total Device						
Standby Supply Current (pin6 at V_{ref} , all other inputs and outputs open)	$V_{CC}=15V$	I_{cc}		5.5	10	mA
	$V_{CC}=40V$			7.0	15	
Average Supply Current (test circuit 2)	$V_{CC}=15V$; $R_F=12k\ \Omega$; $C_T=0.01\ \mu$ F; V (pin4)=2.0V			7.0		mA

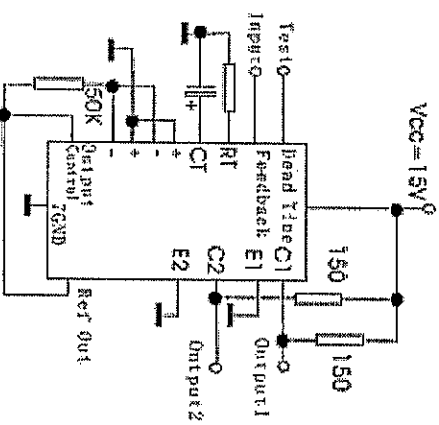


Test Circuit

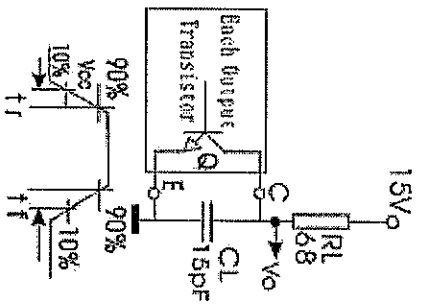
1. Error-Amplifier Characteristic



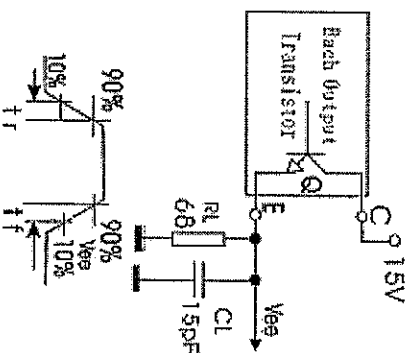
2. Dead-Time and Feedback Control Circuit



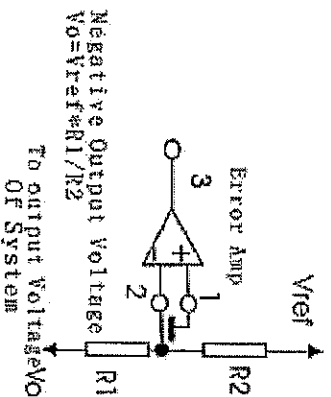
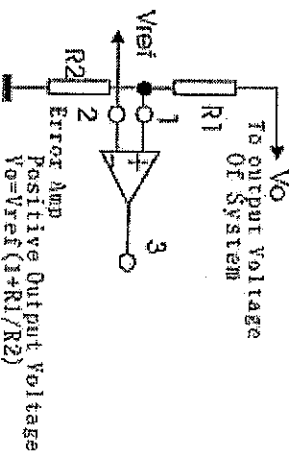
3. Common-Emitter Configuration
Test Circuit and waveform



4. Emitter-Follow Configuration
Test Circuit and waveform

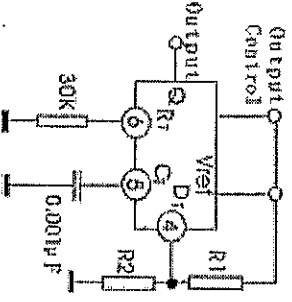


5. Error-Amplifier Sensing Techniques

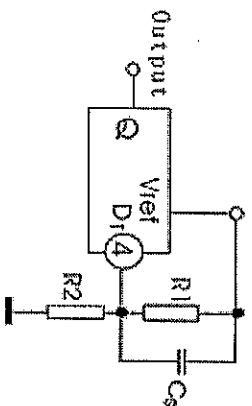




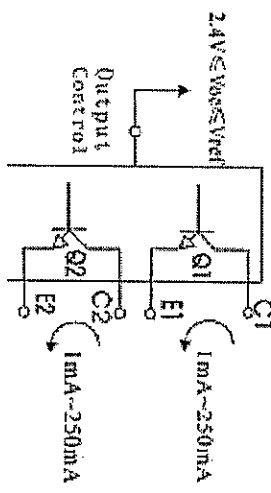
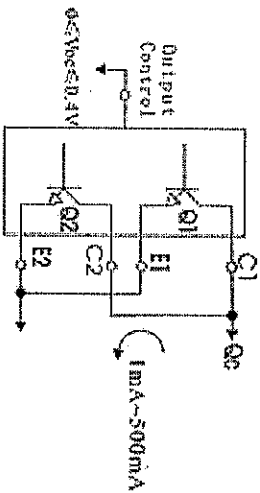
6. Dead-Time Control Circuit



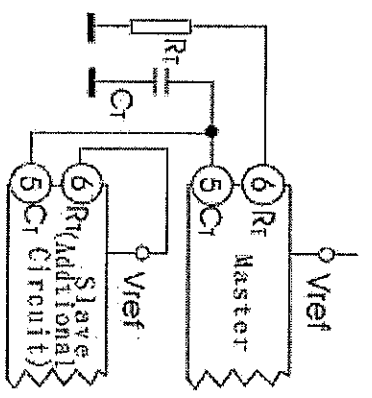
7. Soft-start Circuit



8. Output Connections for Single-Ended and Push-Pull Configuration

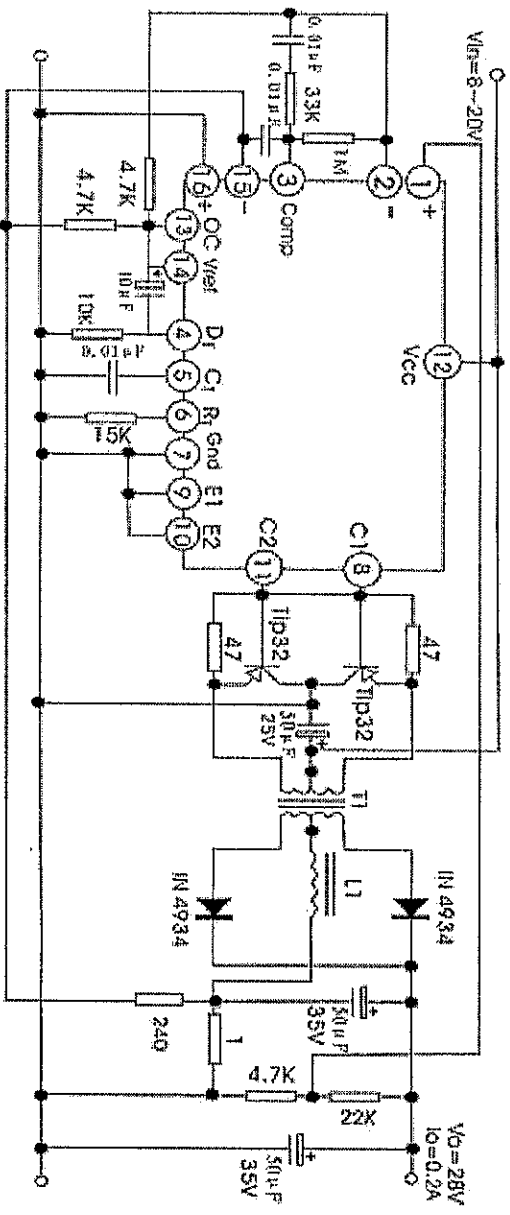


9. Slaving Two or More Control Circuits

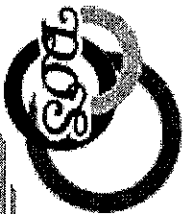




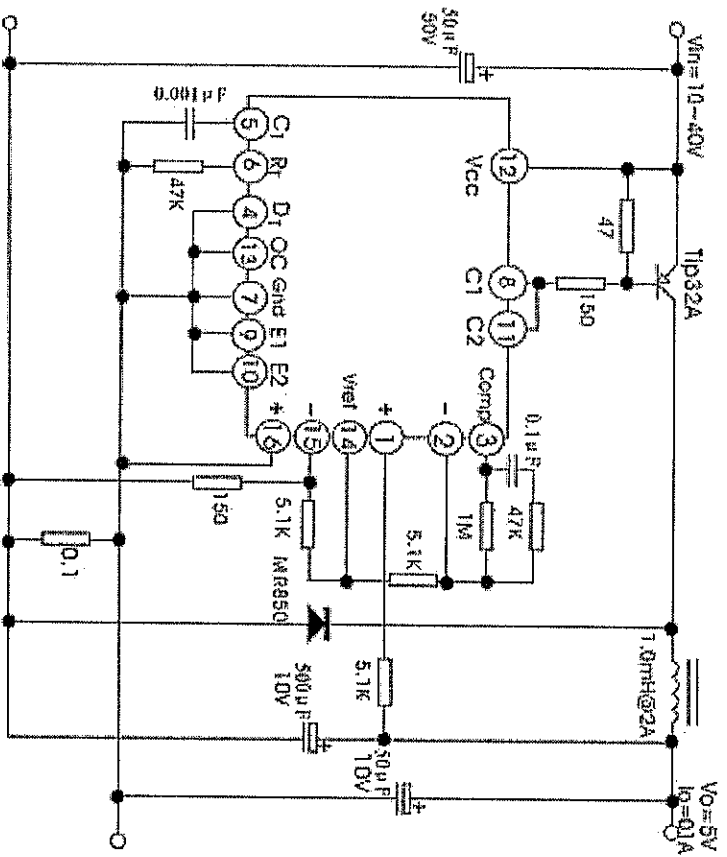
10.Pulse Width Modulated Push-Pull Converter.



Line Regulation	Vin=10V~40V
Load Regulation		Vin=28V; Io=1.0mA~1.0A	14mV 0.28%
Output Ripple		Vin=28V; Io=1.0A	3.0mV 0.06%
Short Circuit Current		Vin=28V; RL=0.1Ω	65mVpp P.A.R.D
Efficiency		Vin=28V; Io=1.0A	1.6A 71%



11. Pulse Width Modulated Step-Down Converter.



Line Regulation	$V_{in}=8V \sim 40V$	3.0mV	0.01%
Load Regulation	$V_{in}=12.6V; I_o=0.2mA \sim 200mA$	5.0mV	0.02%
Output Ripple	$V_{in}=12.6V; I_o=200mA$	40mVpp	P.A.R.D
Short Circuit Current	$V_{in}=12.6V; R_L=0.1\Omega$	250mA	
Efficiency	$V_{in}=12.6V; I_o=200mA$	721%	